

Result Interpretation

Semi-Quantitative Interpretation: Semi-quantitative results can be derived by simple comparison of the sample absorbances to the absorbance of the calibrators:

- Samples with a lower absorbance (less color) than a calibrator have a concentration of Deoxynivalenol greater than the concentration of the calibrator.
- Samples with a higher absorbance (more color) than a calibrator have a concentration less than the concentration of the calibrator.

Quantitative Interpretation: It is preferred for quantitative results to be determined using commercially available software for ELISA evaluation using a 4-parameter curve fit. Alternatively, a semi-log curve fit can be used if 4-parameter software is not available. A spreadsheet that will perform the curve fit and sample concentration calculations is available upon request. Please contact Beacon for further details.

- The concentration of Deoxynivalenol in a sample is determined by comparing the average sample absorbance to the standard curve. This value must then be multiplied by the dilution factor used.
- Samples with absorbances lower than the highest calibrator contain a concentration of Deoxynivalenol too high for quantification. Further dilute the sample extract in laboratory quality distilled or deionized water to fit into the standard curve and retest along with the calibrators. Results must then be multiplied by the dilution factor used.
- Samples with Deoxynivalenol absorbances greater than the lowest calibrator or less than the highest calibrator must be reported as < 0.2 ppm or > 2.5 ppm, respectively.

Technical Assistance

For questions regarding this kit or for additional information about Beacon products, contact us.

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Safety

Stop Solution is 1N hydrochloric acid. Handle with care. To receive complete safety information on this product, contact Beacon Analytical Systems, Inc., and request Safety Data Sheets.

General Limited Warranty

Beacon Analytical Systems, Inc. ("Beacon") warrants the products manufactured by it against defects in materials and workmanship when used in accordance with the applicable instructions for a period not to extend beyond a product's printed expiration date. BEACON MAKES NO OTHER WARRANTY, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED. THERE IS NO WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. The warranty provided herein and the data, specifications and descriptions of Beacon products appearing in published catalogues and product literature may not be altered except by express written agreement signed by an officer of Beacon. Representations, oral or written, which are inconsistent with this warranty, or such publications are not authorized and, if given, should not be relied upon. In the event of a breach of the foregoing warranty, Beacon's sole obligation shall be to repair or replace, at its option, any product or part thereof that proves defective in materials or workmanship within the warranty period, provided the customer notifies Beacon promptly of any such defect. The exclusive remedy provided herein shall not be deemed to have failed of its essential purpose so long as Beacon is willing and able to repair or replace any nonconforming Beacon product or part. Beacon shall not be liable for consequential, incidental, special or any other indirect damages resulting from economic loss or property damage sustained by a customer from the use of its products. However, in some states the purchaser may have rights under state law in addition to those provided by this warranty.



Intended Use

The Beacon Deoxynivalenol-Z (DON-Z) Plate Kit is an immunoassay for the detection of Deoxynivalenol in wheat, barley, malted barley, corn, and oat samples. This product is intended for research use only.

Principles

Deoxynivalenol HRP Enzyme Conjugate is pipetted into the test wells followed by the Calibrators and the Sample Extract(s). A soluble Deoxynivalenol antibody solution is then added to the test wells to initiate the reaction. During an incubation, Deoxynivalenol and Deoxynivalenol HRP Enzyme Conjugate compete for binding to the soluble Deoxynivalenol antibody which is in turn immobilized on the test wells. Following the incubation, the wells are washed to remove any unbound Deoxynivalenol and Deoxynivalenol HRP Enzyme Conjugate. After washing, a colorless substrate is added to the wells and any bound enzyme conjugate will convert the substrate to a blue color. Following an incubation, the reaction is stopped with the addition of Stop Solution and the amount of color in each well is measured. The color of the unknown sample is compared to the color of the calibrators and the Deoxynivalenol concentration of the sample is derived.

Reagents and Materials Provided

- 1 Plate containing 12 test strips of 8 wells each that are vacuum sealed in an aluminized pouch with a desiccant.
- 5 Vials of Deoxynivalenol Calibrators (0, 0.2, 0.5, 1, and 2.5 ppm).
Note: The calibrators actually contain 1/10th of the stated value.
- 1 Bottle of Deoxynivalenol HRP Enzyme Conjugate.
- 1 Bottle of Deoxynivalenol Antibody.
- 1 Packet of Wash Concentrate (dilute prior to use).
- 1 Bottle of Substrate.
- 1 Bottle of Stop Solution.

Reagents and Materials Required but Not Provided

- Pipette(s) with disposable tips capable of dispensing the required volume(s).
- Multichannel pipette(s) (8 channels) with disposable tips capable of dispensing the required volume(s) (recommended if running more than two strips at once).
- Laboratory quality distilled or deionized water.
- Reagents and materials for sample preparation.
- Materials for wash solution preparation.
- Personal protective equipment.
- Paper towels or equivalent absorbent material.
- Timer.
- Microtiter plate or strip reader capable of reading at 450 nm.

Kit Handling Notes and Precautions

- Read the product brochure in its entirety prior to use.
- The kit, in its original packaging, can be used until the end of the month indicated on the box label.
- Do not use reagents after expiration date.
- Store all kit components at 4°C to 8°C (39°F to 46°F) when not in use.
- Reagents should be brought to room temperature, 20°C to 28°C (62°C to 82°F), prior to use. Avoid prolonged (> 24 hours) storage at room temperature.
- Do not freeze kit components or expose them to temperatures greater than 37°C (99°F).
- Running Calibrators and Samples in duplicate will improve assay precision and accuracy.
- Precise transfer of samples and reagents by using a calibrated pipette that is capable of dispensing the required volume is critical to obtain proper assay results.
- If running more than two strips at once, the use of a multi-channel pipette is recommended when adding the Antibody, Substrate and Stop Solution.
- All procedural steps should be completed without interruption. Ensure all reagents, materials and equipment are ready at the appropriate time.
- Each reagent is optimized for use in the Beacon Deoxynivalenol-Z (DON-Z) Plate Kit. Do not substitute reagents from any other manufacturer into the test kit. Do not combine reagents from other Beacon Deoxynivalenol-Z (DON-Z) Plate Kits with different lot numbers.
- Dilution or adulteration of reagents or samples not called for in the procedure may result in inaccurate results.
- Damage to or obstruction of the optical surface may cause unsatisfactory results.

Specificity

The antibody used in the Beacon Deoxynivalenol-Z (DON-Z) Plate Kit is specific for Deoxynivalenol. The following table shows the reactivity to other forms:

Compound	% Cross-Reactivity
Deoxynivalenol	100
3 – Acetyl-Deoxynivalenol	134
15- Acetyl-Deoxynivalenol	4

Sample Preparation (Dilution Factor: 2.5)

1. Finely grind and thoroughly mix prior to sub-sampling. Samples not being immediately analyzed should be stored refrigerated.
2. Weigh 20 g of ground sample and add to a whirl-pak bag.
3. Measure 100 mL of laboratory quality distilled or deionized water and add to the bag.
4. Vigorously shake the bag for 3 minutes.
5. Allow the extract to sit for 2-3 minutes before proceeding to the next step.
6. Filter 10 mL of the top extract layer through a glass fiber filter and collect the filtrate into a clean container.
7. Dilute the filtrate 1:5 in laboratory quality distilled or deionized water for use in the assay. The extract must be used within 1 hour of preparation.

Wash Solution Preparation

1. Measure 1 L of laboratory quality distilled or deionized water and transfer to a clean container with a tight-fitting lid.
2. Transfer the contents of the Wash Concentrate packet to the container.
3. Gently swirl to mix.
4. Transfer the Wash Solution to a wash bottle to use in the assay.

Assay Procedure

1. Allow kit components and the sample extract(s) to reach room temperature prior to running the test.
2. Place the appropriate number of test wells into a holder. Be sure to re-seal unused test wells in the zip-lock bag with the desiccant to limit exposure to moisture.
3. Dispense **50 µL of Enzyme Conjugate** into each well.
4. Dispense **50 µL of Calibrators and Sample Extract(s)** into the appropriate well. Be sure to use a clean pipette tip for each solution to avoid cross contamination.
5. Dispense **50 µL of Antibody** into each well.
6. Gently shake the wells for 30 seconds using a back-and-forth motion and incubate for **10 minutes** at room temperature.
7. Decant the contents of the wells into an appropriate waste container. Fill the wells to overflowing with Wash Solution and then decant. Repeat this wash step four times for a total of five washes. Following the last wash, tap the inverted wells onto absorbent paper to remove excess wash solution.
8. Dispense **100 µL of Substrate** into each well.
9. Gently shake the wells for 30 seconds using a back-and-forth motion and incubate for **5 minutes** at room temperature.
10. Dispense **100 µL of Stop Solution** into each well in the same order of addition as the Substrate.
11. Gently shake the wells for 30 seconds using a back-and-forth motion.
12. Carefully wipe the optical surface with a soft, lint-free wipe. Measure and record the absorbance (Optical Density; OD) of each well at 450 nm using a plate or strip reader within 10 minutes of stopping the assay. If the reader has dual wavelength capability, read at 450 nm minus 605 or 650 nm.